Relationships and Sex Education at Springfield School

EYFS teach RSE through the Personal, Social and Emotional Development strand of the EYFS Curriculum. KS1 teach RSE through PSHCE, Science and Theme curriculum.

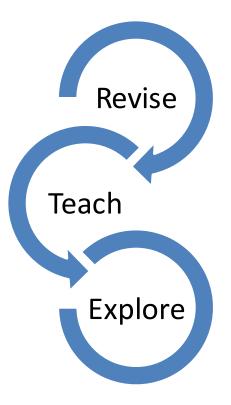
Key Stages 2, 3 and 4 teach RSE in discreet lessons.

Each Key Stage follows the Revise, Teach, Explore method.

Revise Topics taught at previous Key Stage / year for assessment purposes this can be dependent on pupil need and understanding

Teach new material as appropriate to the Curriculum plan for the Key Stage / year

Explore new topics as found in next Key Stage when pupils are ready



The Scheme of work for each Key Stage is repeated yearly to ensure every topic is explored in different ways to improve depth of learning and experience.

From Key Stage 2 each class has a subject folder with the main resources needed to teach the appropriate scheme, a copy of the standard letter for parental permission for RSE and a copy of the scheme to be covered. Teachers can also ask the RSE Learning and Teaching Team members for support with other resources if needed.

EYFS	KS1	KS2	KS3	KS4
Personal, Social and Emotional	Covered through PSHCE, theme	Discreet lessons	Discreet lessons	Discreet lessons
Development strand of the EYFS	& science	(3 year rotation)	(3 year rotation)	(2 year rotation)
Curriculum				
Teach	Teach	Revisit / Teach	Revisit	Revisit
Families and people who care	What is a family? Families are all	Content from KS1	Content covered in KS2	Content from KS3
for me -to include different types	different-include same sex,			
of family. Including single parent,	foster, adoptive, live in one	Families can be different from	Teach	Teach
same sex families, living in care,	house or different houses.	our own.	Legality and responsibility of	Choice in relationships to
adoptive families.	Characteristics of a family	Why families are important –	marriage	include forced marriage
Friendships		love, security & stability.		Intimate relationships, the right
Strangers	Importance of friendship	Family life can make us feel	How friendships change as we	to say no
Feelings and emotions	Who are my friends? What	unhappy/unsafe	getolder	
Babies	makes a good friend? How	Marriage is a formal legal	Characteristics of healthy and	Tolerance and respect for all-
Public and private – body parts /	friends make me feel.	commitment between 2 people.	positive relationships – include	bullying, racial/cultural abuse
places / clothing			good and bad touch	Criminal behaviour within a
	Respect for others -conventions	How people choose/make	How to solve conflict	relationship-abuse, sexual
	of courtesy and manners	friends		harassment, sexual violence
	W hat is bullying	Characteristics of a friendship	Stereotypes and the damage	Legal rights and responsibilities
		Friendships have ups and downs	they can cause	regarding equality.
	Public and private-body	and how to deal with this.	Impact of bullying.	Online safety-the risks,
	parts/places/clothing		Responsibility to report bullying	precautions, the law, how data
	Strangers and how to respond	Respect for others	and how to seek help.	is generated, collected and
	safely and appropriately.	Need for self-respect		shared online.
		Different types of bullying	Rights, responsibilities and	
	Explore different types of		opportunityonline	Names for reproductive organs
	emotion.	Importance of permission-	Online risks	Human reproduction
	Identify own emotions	seeking and giving in	Rules for keeping safe online	Characteristics of a healthy one
		relationships	Impact of viewing harmful	to one relationship.
		Saying 'no'	content	Intimate and sexual
	F . I			relationships.
	Explore	Online relationships same	Importance of permission-	Choices of sexual relationships
	Importance of permission-	principles apply	seeking and giving in	affect all aspects of health.
	seeking and giving in		relationships	Reproductive health including
	relationships	Appropriate boundaries for	Saying 'no'	fertility.
	Saying 'no' Personal safety	friendships Recognise own feelings and	Public and private-body	Contraception How substance use can lead to
		know how to share these with	parts/places/clothing	risky sexual behaviour.
		others	Strangers and how to respond	Sexually transmitted diseases
		How to ask for help	safely and appropriately.	Pregnancy and choices.
		How to report concerns		
		now to report concerns		

Extend vocabulary to explain	Puborty and the changing	How to get sexual health
	Puberty and the changing	_
and discuss emotions.	adolescent body -physical and	advice
Identify how others are feeling	emotional to include	
Benefits of activities to support	menstruation, masturbation	Explore
mental health – P.E., outdoor		Responsibilities of parenthood
activities, time with friends,	Explore	Any area in greater depth as
relaxation.	How to get support and report	needed by the pupils.
	online issues.	
Life cycles – babies and baby	Names for internal reproductive	
animals	organs	
	Intimate relationships	
Growing up		
Explore		
Rules for keeping safe online		
Puberty and the changing		
adolescent body -physical		
(Menstruation) and emotional.		